

Pre-Calculus Homework #14 – Answer Key

- 1) angle C = $39^{\circ}53'48''$, side b = 84.9, side a = 42.5, and the area = 1,157.8
- 2) 2,622.5 miles
- 3) angle C = $95^{\circ}4'25.0''$, angle B = $57^{\circ}18'2.6''$, angle A = $27^{\circ}37'32.4''$, and the area = 658.9
- 4) 22.6 miles $S37.4^{\circ}E$
- 5) angle A = 41.5° , angle B = 102.9° , side b = 60.3, and the area = 719.4
 angle A = 138.5° , angle B = 5.9° , side b = 6.4, and the area = 75.9
- 6)

$$\frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin x \cos x}$$

$$\frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\cos x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\sin x} = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin x \cos x}$$

$$\frac{\cos x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin x \cos x}$$

$$\frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin x \cos x}$$

7)

$$\frac{1 + \tan \theta}{1 + \cot \theta} = \frac{\sec \theta}{\csc \theta}$$

$$1 + \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sin \theta}}$$

$$1 + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sin \theta}}$$

$$\frac{\cos \theta + \sin \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sin \theta}}$$

$$\frac{\cos \theta + \sin \theta}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta + \cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta}{1}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

8)

$$\frac{\sin y + \cos y}{\sec y + \csc y} = \frac{\sin y}{\sec y}$$

$$\frac{\sin y + \cos y}{\frac{1}{\cos y} + \frac{1}{\sin y}} = \frac{\sin y}{\frac{1}{\cos y}}$$

$$\frac{\sin y + \cos y}{\sin y \cos y} = \frac{\sin y}{\frac{1}{\cos y}}$$

$$\frac{\sin y + \cos y}{1} \cdot \frac{\sin y \cos y}{\sin y + \cos y} = \frac{\sin y}{1} \cdot \frac{\cos y}{1}$$

$$\sin y \cos y = \sin y \cos y$$

9)

$$\frac{\sec^2 x}{2 - \sec^2 x} = \sec 2x$$

$$\frac{\sec^2 x}{2 - \sec^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos 2x}$$

$$\frac{\sec^2 x}{2 - \sec^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}$$

$$\frac{1 + \tan^2 x}{2 - 1 - \tan^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}$$

$$\frac{1 + \tan^2 x}{1 - \tan^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}$$

$$\frac{1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}}{1 - \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}$$

10)

$$\tan x + \cot y = \frac{\cos(x-y)}{\cos x \sin y}$$

$$\tan x + \cot y = \frac{\cos x \cos y + \sin x \sin y}{\cos x \sin y}$$

$$\tan x + \cot y = \frac{\cos x \cos y}{\cos x \sin y} + \frac{\sin x \sin y}{\cos x \sin y}$$

$$\tan x + \cot y = \frac{\cos y}{\sin y} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\tan x + \cot y = \tan x + \cot y$$

11)

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos^4 \theta - \sin^4 \theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta = (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)(\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)$$

$$\cos 2\theta = (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos 2\theta$$

12)

$$\frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} = \frac{\tan 3x - \tan x}{1 + \tan 3x \tan x}$$

$$\frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} = \tan(3x - x)$$

$$\frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} = \tan(2x)$$

$$\frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} = \frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x}$$

13)

$$\frac{2 + \sin 2\theta}{2} = \frac{\cos^3 \theta - \sin^3 \theta}{\cos \theta - \sin \theta}$$

$$\frac{2 + \sin 2\theta}{2} = \frac{(\cos \theta - \sin \theta)(\cos^2 \theta + \cos \theta \sin \theta + \sin^2 \theta)}{\cos \theta - \sin \theta}$$

$$\frac{2 + \sin 2\theta}{2} = 1 + \cos \theta \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{2 + 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta}{2} = 1 + \cos \theta \sin \theta$$

$$1 + \cos \theta \sin \theta = 1 + \cos \theta \sin \theta$$

14)

$$-\sin^2 \beta = \cos^2 \beta (1 - \sec^2 \beta)$$

$$-\sin^2 \beta = \cos^2 \beta (-\tan^2 \beta)$$

$$-\sin^2 \beta = \cos^2 \beta \left(-\frac{\sin^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta}\right)$$

$$-\sin^2 \beta = -\sin^2 \beta$$

15)

$$1 + \tan \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$1 + \tan \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$1 + \tan \alpha = 1 + \tan \alpha$$

16)

$$\frac{\tan \theta + \cot \theta}{\csc \theta} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}}{\frac{1}{\sin \theta}} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta \sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta}{1} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta$$

$$\sec \theta = \sec \theta$$

17)

$$(\sec \beta - \csc \beta)(\sin \beta + \cos \beta) = \tan \beta - \cot \beta$$

$$(\sec \beta - \csc \beta)(\sin \beta + \cos \beta) = \frac{\sin \beta}{\cos \beta} - \frac{\cos \beta}{\sin \beta}$$

$$(\sec \beta - \csc \beta)(\sin \beta + \cos \beta) = \frac{\sin^2 \beta - \cos^2 \beta}{\cos \beta \sin \beta}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\cos \beta} - \frac{1}{\sin \beta}\right)(\sin \beta + \cos \beta) = \frac{\sin^2 \beta - \cos^2 \beta}{\cos \beta \sin \beta}$$

$$\left(\frac{\sin \beta - \cos \beta}{\cos \beta \sin \beta} \left(\frac{\sin \beta + \cos \beta}{1}\right)\right) = \frac{\sin^2 \beta - \cos^2 \beta}{\cos \beta \sin \beta}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \beta - \cos^2 \beta}{\cos \beta \sin \beta} = \frac{\sin^2 \beta - \cos^2 \beta}{\cos \beta \sin \beta}$$

18)

$$\frac{\tan y + \cot y}{\sec y + \csc y} = \frac{1}{\cos y + \sin y}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin y}{\cos y} + \frac{\cos y}{\sin y}}{\frac{1}{\cos y} + \frac{1}{\sin y}} = \frac{1}{\cos y + \sin y}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin^2 y + \cos^2 y}{\cos y \sin y}}{\frac{\sin y + \cos y}{\cos y \sin y}} = \frac{1}{\cos y + \sin y}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 y + \cos^2 y}{\sin y + \cos y} = \frac{1}{\cos y + \sin y}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos y + \sin y} = \frac{1}{\cos y + \sin y}$$

19)

$$\frac{\csc x + 1}{\cot x} = \frac{\cot x}{\csc x - 1}$$

$$\frac{\csc x + 1}{\cot x} = \frac{\cot x}{\csc x - 1} \cdot \frac{\csc x + 1}{\csc x + 1}$$

$$\frac{\csc x + 1}{\cot x} = \frac{\cot x(\csc x + 1)}{\csc^2 x - 1}$$

$$\frac{\csc x + 1}{\cot x} = \frac{\cot x(\csc x + 1)}{\cot^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\csc x + 1}{\cot x} = \frac{\csc x + 1}{\cot x}$$

20)

$$\sec^4 \beta - \tan^2 \beta = \tan^4 \beta + \sec^2 \beta$$

$$\sec^4 \beta - (\sec^2 \beta - 1) = \tan^4 \beta + \sec^2 \beta$$

$$\sec^4 \beta - \sec^2 \beta + 1 = \tan^4 \beta + \sec^2 \beta$$

$$\sec^4 \beta - \sec^2 \beta + 1 = (\tan^2 \beta)^2 + \sec^2 \beta$$

$$\sec^4 \beta - \sec^2 \beta + 1 = (\sec^2 \beta - 1)^2 + \sec^2 \beta$$

$$\sec^4 \beta - \sec^2 \beta + 1 = \sec^4 \beta - 2\sec^2 \beta + 1 + \sec^2 \beta$$

$$\sec^4 \beta - \sec^2 \beta + 1 = \sec^4 \beta - \sec^2 \beta + 1$$